



LBL-High p_T meeting

<http://www-cdf.lbl.gov/~currat/talks/>

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October 29, 2002

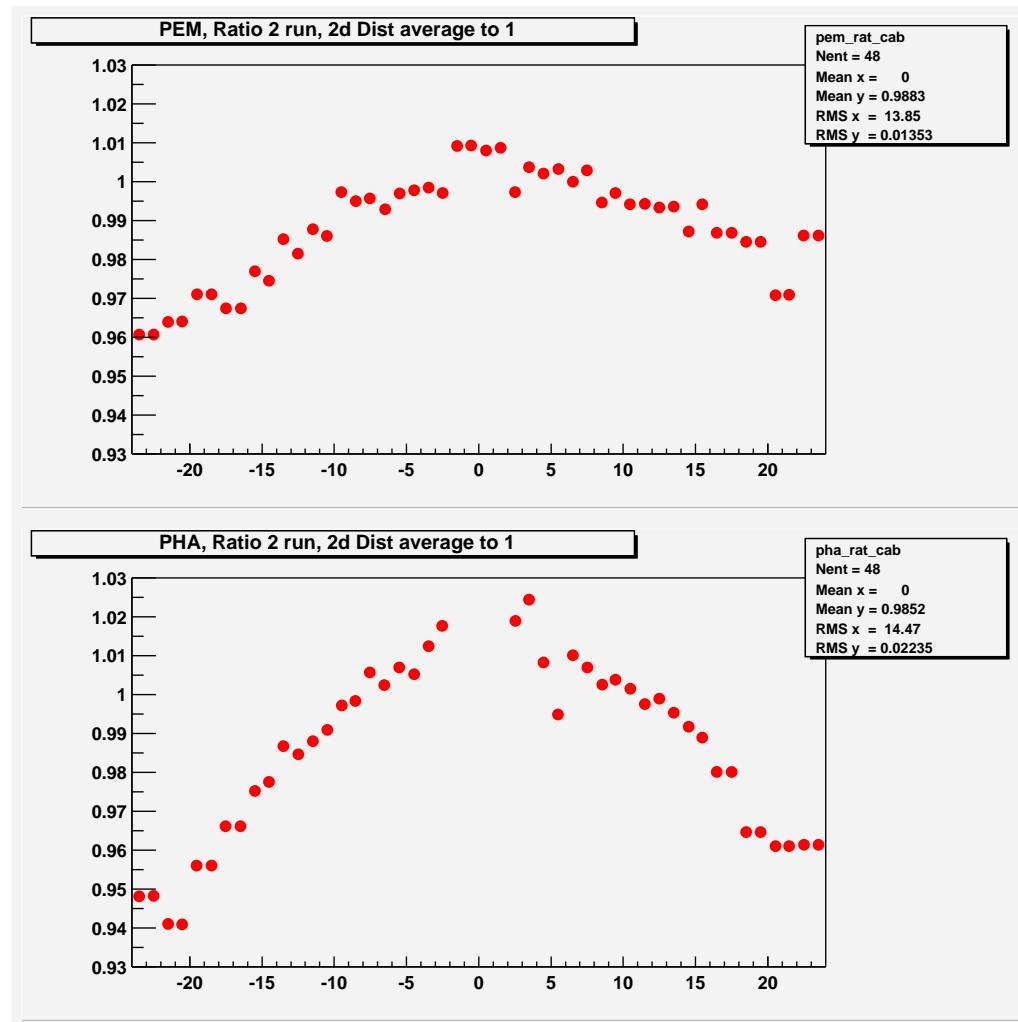
- ◆ Correction for time dependence in the plug calorimeters using dijet balance



Laser runs 1/2



Ratio of laser runs #145631 (Jun 1st) over #139524 (Feb 21st)



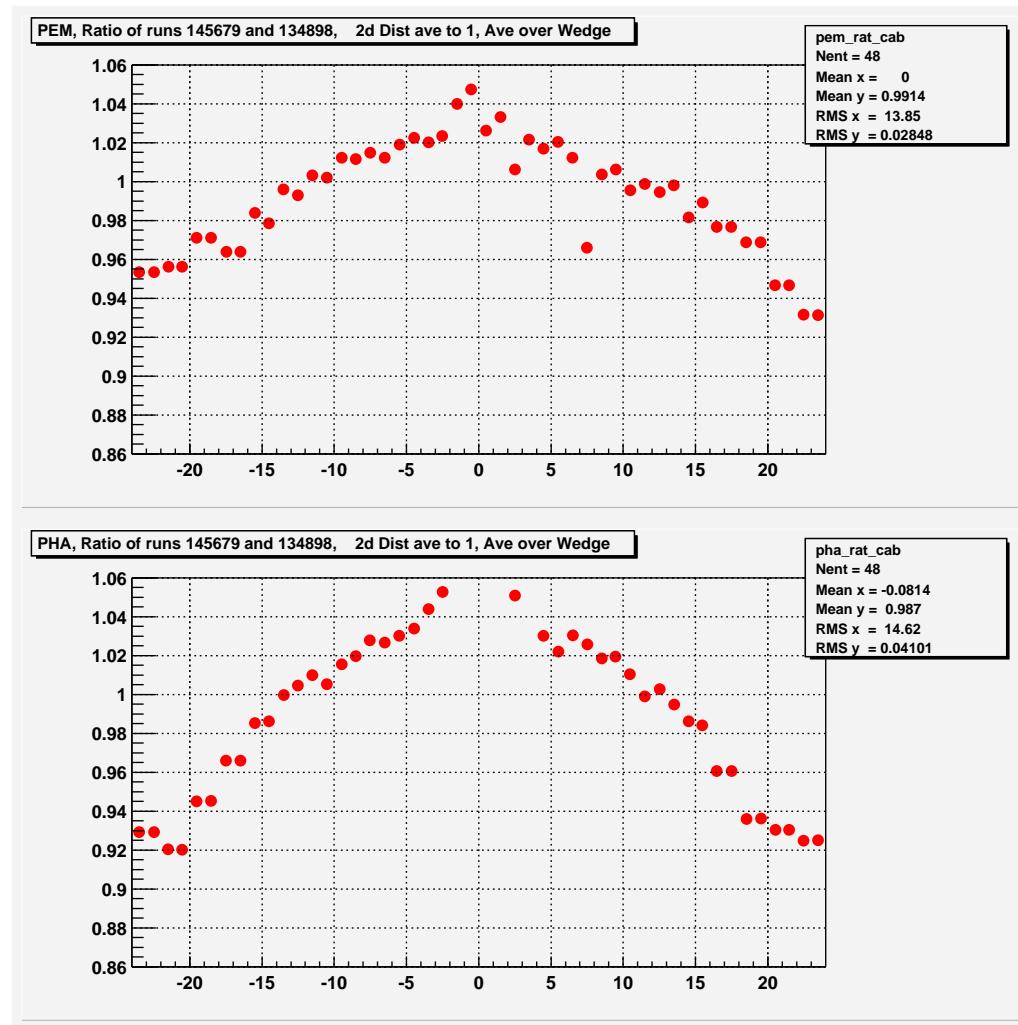
Note: East less affected than West



Laser runs 2/2

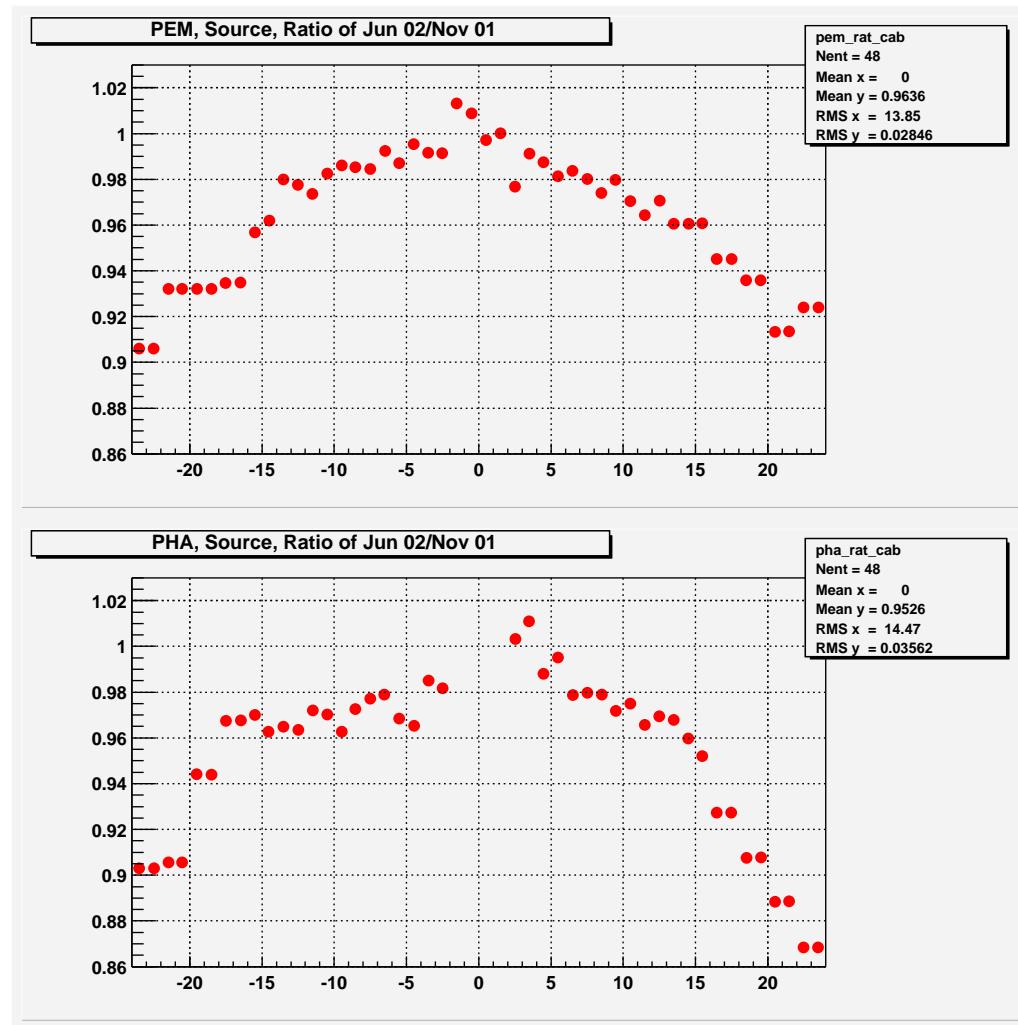


Ratio of laser runs #145679 (Jun 2nd) over #134898 (Nov'01 shutdown)



Note: East more affected than West

Ratio of source runs Jun'02 over Nov'01

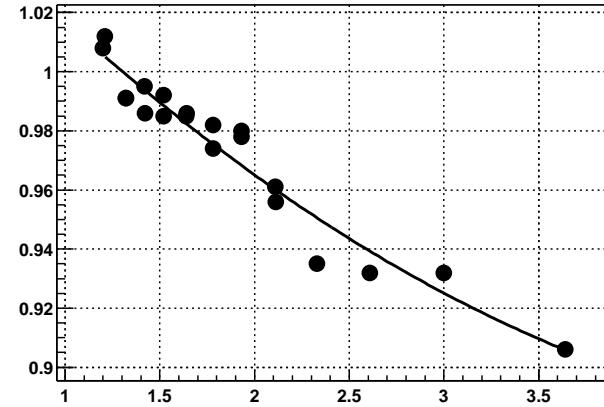


Note: East more affected than West

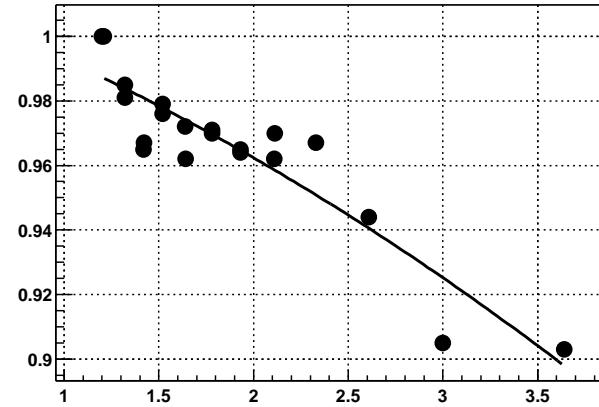
Source runs 2/2

- ◆ Idea: derive time dependence function to be applied at jet level out of source runs (so, tower level). No reclustering.
- ◆ Correct $\text{jet}(E_T)$ separately in PEM and PHA according to jet's emFraction

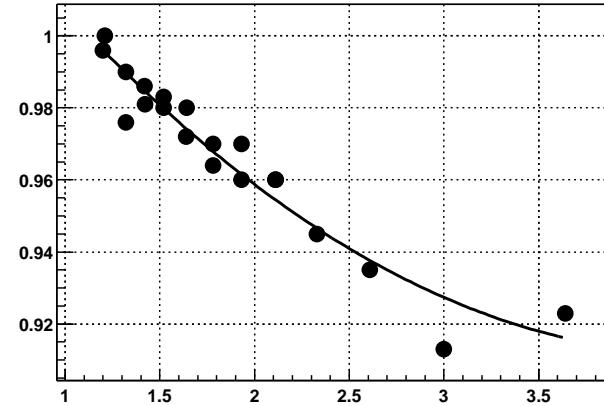
PEM-W



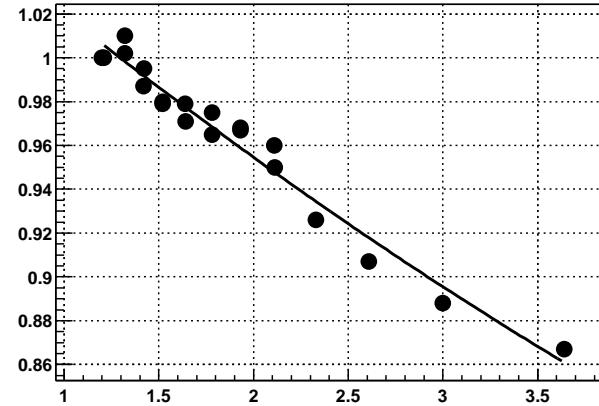
PHA-W



PEM-E



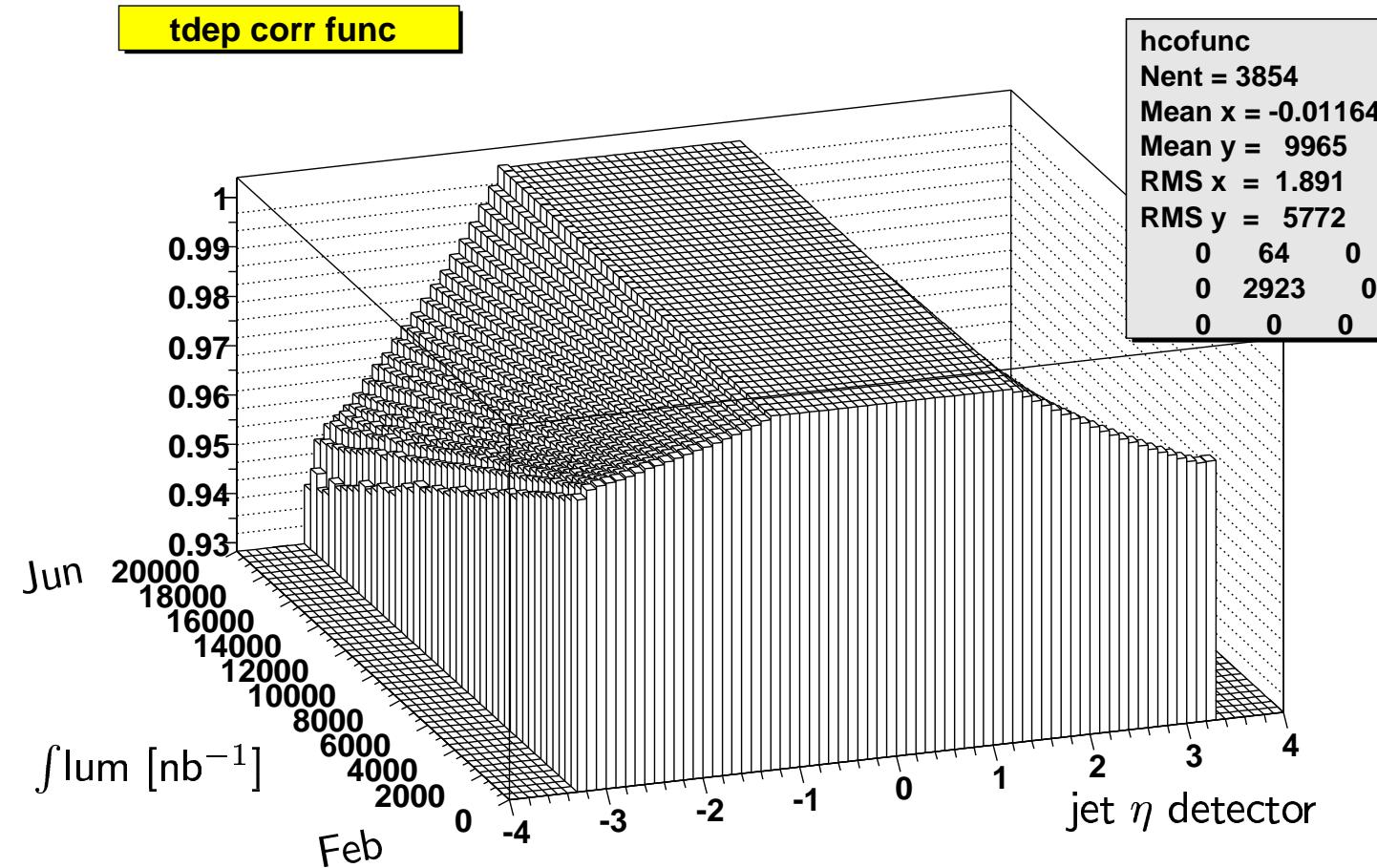
PHA-E



Fit with pol. 2nd degree

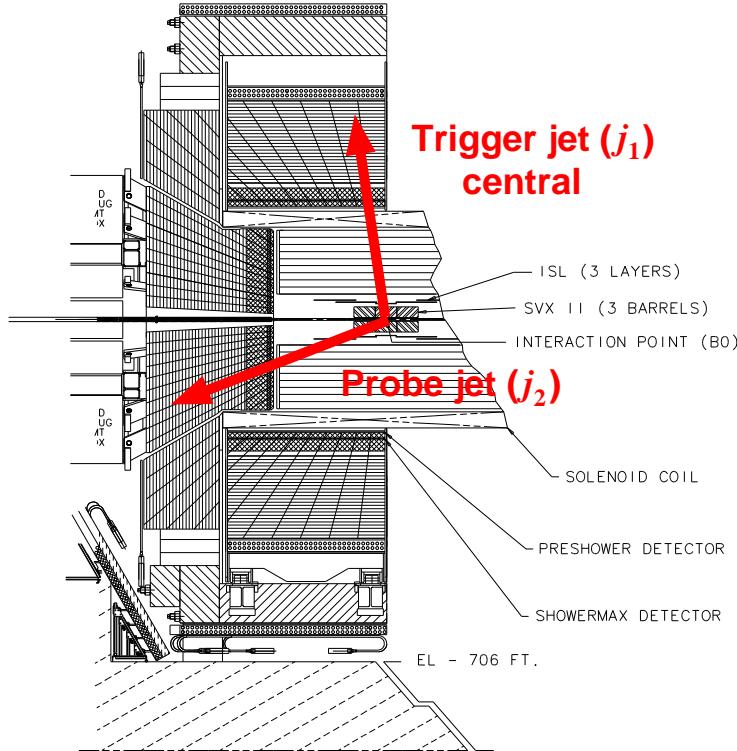
Correction function

- ◆ Add linear time dependence (i.e. integrated luminosity) between Nov'01 – June'02 (shutdown, run #145200).
- ◆ Apply (time, η)-dependent function to jet E_T according to run # and jet($\eta_{centroid}$). Jets have R=0.7.



Dijet balancing technique

- ❖ Using JET_20 events. $R_{cone} = 0.7$. Vertex from Beate's ZVertexColl.



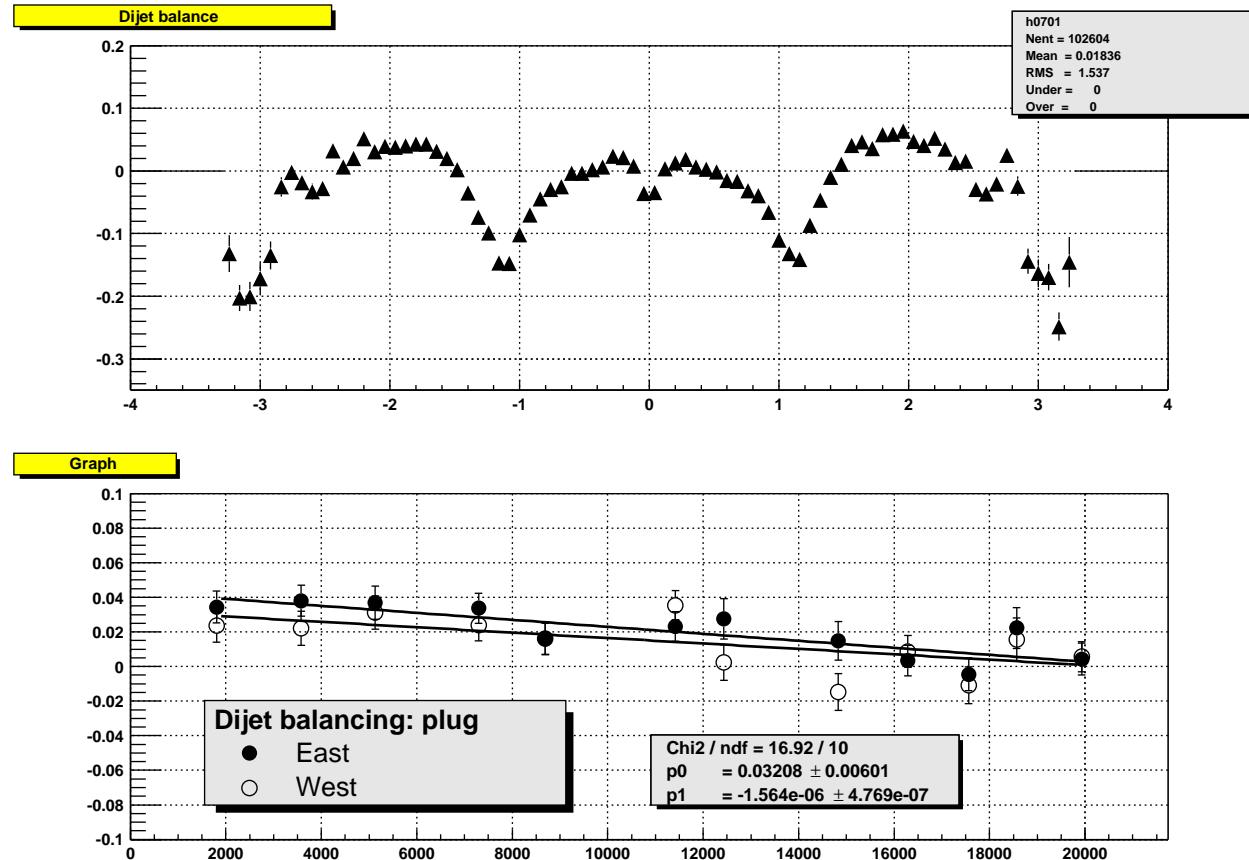
- ❖ $|z\text{-vertex}| < 40 \text{ cm}$
- ❖ $E_T \text{ trigger jet } j_1 > 21 \text{ GeV}$
- ❖ $0.2 < |\eta(j_1)| < 0.8$
- ❖ $E_T(j_1) + E_T(j_2) > 42 \text{ GeV}$
- ❖ $\Delta\phi(j_1, j_2) > 2.7$
- ❖ $E_T \text{ 3}^{\text{rd}} \text{ jet} < 15 \text{ GeV}$
- ❖ $\frac{E_T(j_3)}{\frac{1}{2}[E_T(j_1)+E_T(j_2)]} < 0.25$

$$B = \frac{p_T^{\text{probe}} - p_T^{\text{trigger}}}{\frac{1}{2}(p_T^{\text{probe}} + p_T^{\text{trigger}})}$$

- ❖ Bottom line: for initial sample of size 1 \rightarrow dijet events with probe in plug $<< 1\%$
- ❖ Event reduction is severe ... time dependence studies, $\sim \frac{\text{sample}}{\Delta t}$, cost a lot!

Dijet balance, before

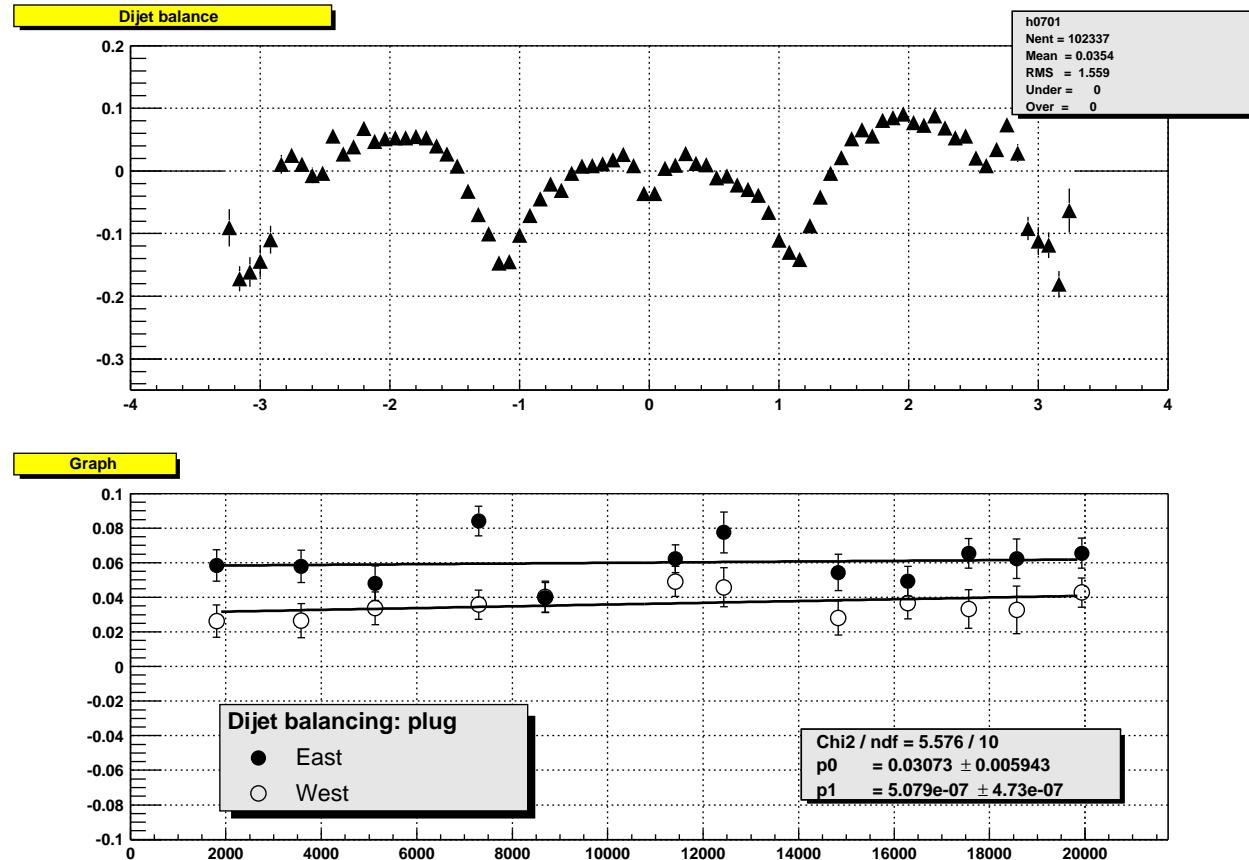
- ◆ Plug calorimeter. High η region, $|\eta| > 2.0$. Nov'01 – June'02. Uncorrected.
- ◆ Each point is 1200 nb^{-1} chunk of good runs data. Abcissa is function of live luminosity (ageing ...!)



- ◆ East slope: $-2.02 \times 10^{-6} \pm 4.66 \times 10^{-7}$... significant
- ◆ West slope: $-1.56 \times 10^{-6} \pm 4.77 \times 10^{-7}$... significant

Dijet balance, after

- ❖ Plug calorimeter. High η region, $|\eta| > 2.0$. Nov'01 – June'02. Corrected.
- ❖ Slopes are compatible with 'flat' ... although jittering points still not quite understood yet ...



- ❖ East slope: $1.93 \times 10^{-7} \pm 4.53 \times 10^{-7}$... flat
- ❖ West slope: $5.08 \times 10^{-7} \pm 4.73 \times 10^{-7}$... flat



Comments



- ❖ It is possible to correct for time dependence in the plug even though the method is coarse!
 - ❖ Source vs laser runs choice as basis to build correction function is still a bit arbitrary (laser: DAQ reliability)?
 - ❖ $R_{jet} = 0.7 \dots$ apply correction at tower level (inside jet, no need to reclusterize)?
- ☞ Big step forward! Still need to play a bit ...